Poor People's Campaign

A NATIONAL CALL for MORAL REVIVAL

CALIFORNIA FACT SHEET • 2024

The Poor are a Powerful Force in This Country

- California is home to <u>7 million</u> poor and low-income eligible voters who make up 25% of the electorate.
- If poor and low-income eligible voters went to the polls at the <u>same rate as</u> <u>higher-income voters</u>, they would have the power to sway election outcomes in every state.

Obstacles to Full Democratic Participation

- The Supreme Court gutted the Voting Rights Act in 2013 and the Senate blocked a bill to restore these rights by a two-vote margin in 2022.
- Between 2020 and 2023, California state lawmakers introduced <u>2 voter restrictive bills</u>.

Political Debates Ignore Urgent Concerns

- A <u>key factor</u> discouraging poor and low-income people from voting: political campaigns that don't speak to their issues.
- Not 1 of the 15 presidential debates in 2020 devoted even 30 minutes to poverty, the <u>4th-leading cause of death</u> in America. Long-term poverty claims 295,000 lives every year, more than homicide, gun violence, diabetes, or obesity.

California Data on Interlocking Injustices Harming Poor and Low-income People

Poverty

- Between 2018-2020, 18.7 million Californians were poor or low-income, accounting for 47.6% of the state's population.
- In 2021, 7.5 million children received the expanded <u>Child Tax Credit</u> and 1.8 million low-wage workers got the expanded <u>Earned Income Tax Credit</u>.
- Since these pandemic programs have expired, poverty has been on the rise
 proving that poverty is a policy choice.



Low Wages, Inequality, and Rising Costs

- To meet basic needs, two adults with two children need to earn <u>over \$30/hour</u>.
 But at the state's minimum wage of \$15.50, an individual must work <u>109</u>
 <u>hours/week to afford a modest two-bedroom apartment.</u>
- 1,537,490 households were <u>behind on rent or housing payments</u> at the beginning of 2023.
- In 2021, all Republicans and 8 Senate Democrats <u>blocked</u> an increase in the federal minimum wage to \$15, leaving it at \$7.25 (\$2.13 for tipped workers).
- Since 2017 Republican tax cuts, the 748 U.S. billionaires are \$2.2 trillion richer.

Health

- 2,633,500 people are expected to <u>lose Medicaid</u> by March 2024 due to the end of pandemic protections.
- California's average life expectancy dropped by 1.9 years between 2019 and 2020.
- During the peak of the pandemic, 2.7 million people were uninsured.

Climate Crisis Impact on the Poor

- Poor and low-income California households spend 5 times as much of their income on <u>energy costs</u> as the average household.
- Poor and low-income people are <u>bearing the brunt</u> of deaths and injuries due to climate change. California has had significant changes in <u>precipitation patterns</u>, with increased risks of flooding, drought, and water scarcity.

Militarism

- In 2023, the federal government spent \$1.1 trillion on war and weapons, law enforcement, mass incarceration, deportations, and detention.
- In California, state taxpayer dollars for deportations and border control could instead subsidize <u>471,000 public housing units</u>. Taxpayer dollars for nuclear weapons could provide health insurance for <u>1.7 million children</u>.

These facts underscore the need for a resurrection of justice, love, and truth — *not* an insurrection of injustice, lies, and hate.

Detailed versions of this report and fact sheets for all 50 states available at: https://www.poorpeoplescampaign.org/learn/

